Le présent simple

− What time do you wake up?
− I wake up at 9.30 am

Principaux emplois: vérités permanentes, actions répétitives/habituelles; sentiments

Syntaxe: Ajoutez un −S à la 3ème personne du singulier. Si le verbe se termine par un −y précédé d'une consonne, le −y se change en −ies

Exemple:
I wake up
You wake up
He/She/It wakeS up
We wake up
You wake up
They wake up

Négation: Utilisez DON'T ou DOESN'T (3ème forme du singulier)
I don't wake up at 9.30 am
She doesn't wake up at 9.30 am

Question: Utilisez DO ou DOES (3ème forme du singulier)
Do you wake up at 9.30?
Does she wake up at 9.30?

Réponses:

Do you wake up at 9.30 ?

| Réponses longues: | Yes, I wake up at 9.30 | No, I don't wake up at 9.30 |
| Réponses courtes: | Yes, I do. | No, I don't. |

EXERCISE: Mettre les verbes au présent simple

1. The cinema ___________ (close) at 7 pm.
2. The ___________ (not/think) that you should buy this dress.
3. We usually ___________ (take) a taxi to go to work.
4. How often ___________ (you go) to the swimming-pool?
5. Courses ___________ (begin) the third of September.
6. When ___________ (he arrive) home in the evenings?
7. They ___________ (not/live) in Washington, they ___________ (live) in New York.
8. We usually ___________ (take) a taxi to go to work.
9. He ___________ (get up) early on Mondays.
10. I ___________ (not/believe) in witches.
11. The Sun's rays ___________ (take) eight minutes to reach the Earth.

RÉPONSES
1. closes − 2. do not think = don't think − 3. take − 4. do you go − 5. begin − 6. when does he arrive home? − 7. don't live | live − 8. take − 9. gets up − 10. don't believe − 11. take